MOVING KANSAS FORWARD











-Transportation in Kansas 🍣





Letter from Acting Secretary Richard Carlson



T-WORKS



Aviation



KTA



Maintaining the System



Safety



Freight



Connecting with Kansas



Budget/Financials Snapshot

A letter from Acting Secretary Richard Carlson

The year 2016 was another success for the Kansas Department of Transportation. The two biggest projects under the T-WORKS program opened to traffic at the end of the year. Transload shipping centers that were initiated and partially funded by KDOT were under construction at Great Bend and Garden City by year's end. And Kansas



roads were ranked among the nation's best by the Reason Foundation.

It was my honor to become a part of the KDOT team in July when I was named interim and then acting Secretary of Transportation. I have long been a beneficiary of the state's great transportation system, but now I have a better understanding of why KDOT is so highly regarded: the agency's workforce is professional and dedicated to serving the people of Kansas.

Through the information contained on the following pages I hope you will also gain a greater appreciation for KDOT. Keep in mind this report is an abridged version of the KDOT story. We only have room to touch on some of the highlights.

Thank you for your support for transportation and your interest in knowing more about KDOT's dedication to the health and economic well-being of Kansas.

Richard Carlson

Acting Secretary of Transportation & Director of the Kansas Turnpike Authority

Gov. Sam Brownback
Sen. Mike Petersen
Chairman of the Senate
Transportation Committee
Rep. Richard Proehl
Chairman of the House
Transportation Committee
KDOT EXECUTIVE STAFF
Richard Carlson

Acting Transportation Secretary and
Director of the Kansas Turnpike Authority
Catherine Patrick

State Transportation Engineer Merrill Atwater

Director of Aviation

Barbara Rankin
Chief Counsel
Ron Seitz
Director of Engineering and Design
Larry Thompson
Director of Operations
Wade Wiebe
Director of Administration
Chris Herrick
Director of Planning
and Development/
Interim Director of Fiscal and
Asset Management
Joel Skelley
Director of Policy



-WORKS UPDATE through 2016

The 10-year T-WORKS program continues to make a difference for Kansas families and businesses.

11,336 miles improved



762 bridges improved

\$169 million invested in public transit, aviation, rail and bike/pedestrian travel



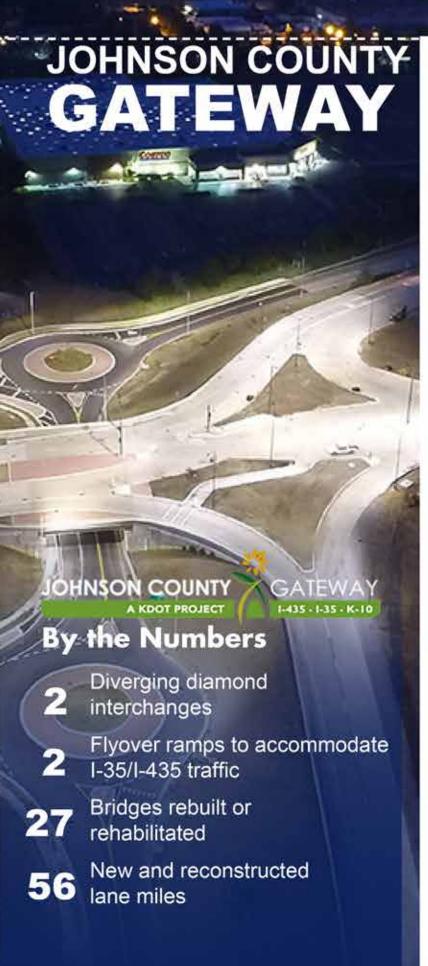






Hundreds of millions of dollars have been invested in the Kansas transportation system under the T-WORKS funding program. Through its first 6½ years, thousands of miles of highway have been improved, massive expansion projects have been completed (the two largest are detailed on the following two pages), hundreds of bridges have been improved or replaced and tens of millions have been invested in non-highway modes. The highway system remains in good condition, with pavement conditions exceeding performance targets for a 16th consecutive year. KDOT continues to focus on preservation of the highway system.





The Johnson County Gateway, which opened to traffic in late 2016, brings relief to one of the most congested, economically-critical corridors in Kansas. The project improves and expands the confluence of Interstates 35 /435 and K-10 and will play a vital role in reducing crashes, supporting the economy and elevating the quality of life. In fact, over the next two decades, the economic impact of the Gateway interchange is expected to exceed \$1.3 billion.

The Gateway, which is the state's most expensive transportation project ever at \$288 million in construction costs alone, is KDOT's first major design-build project. In May 2010, the Kansas Legislature passed the 10-year transportation program T-WORKS. As part of that program, the Legislature approved the use of design-build as an alternative delivery method on one project in Johnson or Wyandotte County. Because of its size and complexity, the Gateway was selected as the design-build project for Kansas.

The design-build approach streamlines project delivery through a single contract between KDOT and the design-build team. Combining the skills of designers and contractors at a project's onset allows faster project delivery, more efficient use of materials and lower labor costs.

Construction of the project began in 2014 and critical interchanges were opened as they were completed. More than 230,000 vehicles pass through the area today and that number is projected to increase to 360,000 by 2040.



SOUTH LAWRENCE TRAFFICWAY

The east leg of the South Lawrence Trafficway, which has been discussed, debated and litigated for decades, opened to traffic in November 2016.

The six-mile, \$183 million freeway (\$140 million in construction costs) not only was a long time coming, it is one of the most complex road projects ever built in Kansas.

The SLT completes the link to a vital

corridor that will serve thousands of commuters and facilitate the movement of goods between Johnson, Douglas and Shawnee counties.

The project, which is designated K-10, completes a loop around Lawrence connecting K-10 east of the city to the Kansas Turnpike on the west side. The west leg of the SLT from U.S. 59 to the turnpike was

completed in 1996.

The road was proposed to cut through the Baker Wetlands and near culturally-sensitive sites on the Haskell Indian Nations University campus. Striking a balance between the needs of a community, protection of the environment and places of cultural importance was key to clearing the way for the project.



This photo shows the wetlands and the SLT under construction in April 2016.



The Baker Wetlands Discovery Center opened in 2015 and was funded by KDOT.



Construction of the SLT was essentially completed in November 2016.

In exchange for taking 56 acres of the Baker Wetlands for the SLT, KDOT entered into a \$16 million mitigation agreement with Baker University that:



- Created and restored 317 acres of wetlands.
- Created 37 acres of upland prairie.
- Created 16 acres of riparian habitat.
- Spent \$4 million on noise walls to lessen the impact of traffic on the wetlands and the Haskell campus.

Constructed the \$1.6 million Baker
University Wetlands Education Center.
Created a \$9 million endowment
to assure future maintenance of the
wetlands.

UAS takes flight

Recognizing the potential of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS), better known as drones, KDOT in 2016 created the Kansas Unmanned Aerial Systems program and hired a director. This not only establishes the state as a national leader in UAS development, it better positions Kansas to take advantage of exciting technology.

UAS program goals include:

- Enhance safety, effectiveness and cost-savings of bridge inspections, high-mast light tower inspections, surveys and other functions for KDOT.
- Advance commercial/economic applications.
- Attract new businesses to Kansas.
- Retain Kansas graduates by providing additional tools and opportunities through UAS.

KDOT's aviation leaders are working with universities and other state agencies to develop additional UAS opportunities.

KANSAS AVIATION

Kansas airports improved

Kansas' 137 public use airports play an important role in the health and economic well-being of citizens, communities and the state as a whole. To that end, KDOT invests \$5 million annually in these airports under the Kansas Airport Improvement Program (KAIP) to improve runway condition, minimize surface travel time to air ambulance pickup locations and

ambulance pickup locations and

enhance airport and community economic development appeal. On average, the state investment, which has a local matching requirement of between 5 and 50 percent, results in \$5.5 million to \$6 million in airport improvements annually.

Since its inception in 2000, KAIP has supported 508 projects at 115 public use airports totaling more than \$103 million.

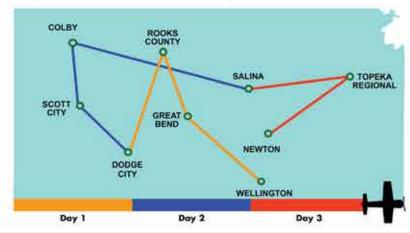


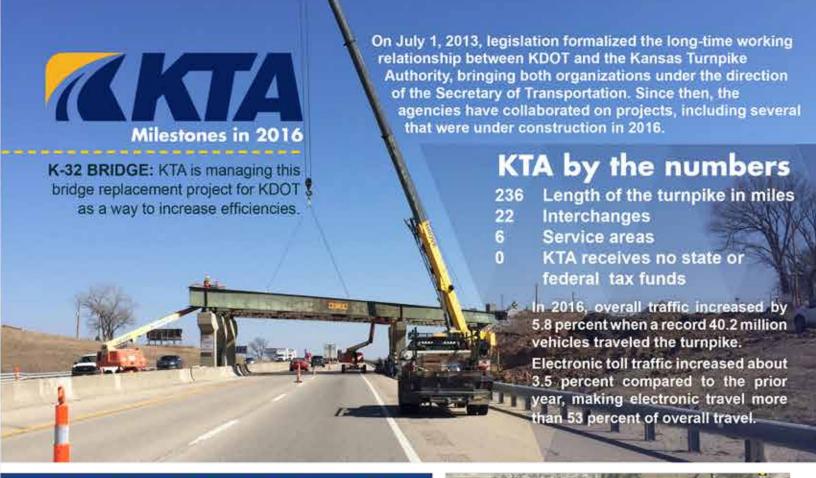
(Before and after) Syracuse-Hamilton County Municipal Airport improvements.

2016 Fly Kansas Air Tour

KDOT and the Kansas
Commission on Aerospace
Education celebrated aviation in
2016 through the Fly Kansas Air
Tour. It was the third consecutive
year for the revived tour, which
first took place in 1928. More
than 40 pilots flew some or all of

the 700-nautical-mile course over three days to promote aviation education for young people and share their passion for aviation. More than 900 students visited their local airports during the tour to meet the pilots and see aircraft up close.





EAST KELLOGG IMPROVEMENTS

The city of Wichita, KDOT and KTA are partnering on this multi-year project to improve travel in east Wichita. KTA is managing the second simultaneous project from Greenwich to K-96, which was let in June 2016.



Flint Hills cattle pens

Access improvements to the Flint Hills cattle pens enhanced safety and provided an opportunity to work with the Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism on a scenic overlook for travelers.

- KTA is interoperable with Oklahoma's PikePass, NationalPass, BestPass, PrePass Plus and coming in mid-2017, Texas (Central States Hub).
- KTA's Long-Term Needs Study was released, focusing on 44 projects and \$1.2 billion in improvements over the next 10 years.
- Legislation was passed allowing KTA to place a hold on vehicle registration renewals, beginning Jan. 1, 2018, in the event of unpaid tolls.
- KTA began a pilot project for video tolling at its three mainline toll plazas: Southern Terminal, East Topeka and Eastern Terminal.



Maintaining

Signs and striping

Pavement markings and signs provide important safety and informational benefits to travelers. On the state system, KDOT crews maintain 24,200 lane miles of highway. In 2016, crews applied 10,087 miles of striping at a cost of \$4.1 million. They also installed or maintained 84,500 signs at a cost of \$4.5 million.





Program delivery/on time

90.0% 80.0% 70.0% 60.0% 50.0% 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015

95.1% in 2015

KDOT aims to continually improve the accuracy of project estimation, both in time and cost. Factors such as flooding, drought and severe freeze/thaw cycles can affect both. KDOT's priorities are the safety of the construction workers and travelers and providing quality projects.

Left: Percent of highway construction projects completed early or on time.



the system

Winter 2015 - 2016

591
Dump trucks / plows

1.4 million

Miles treated / plowed

329,000

Labor hours

CDL operators

74,152

Tons of salt

35,656

Tons of sand

3.4 million

Gallons of salt brine

19,200

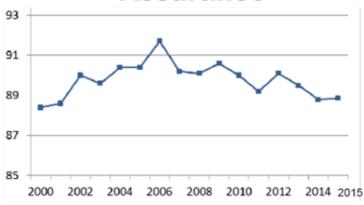
Gallons of magnesium chloride

\$13,532,116

2016 total expenditures

\$5.20 Cost per registered vehicle

Maintenance Quality Assurance



Roadside maintenance



KDOT owns tens of thousands of acres of right of way along Kansas roadsides and uses maintenance practices that encourage the propagation of native plants and creation of animal habitat.

2016 maintenance numbers

256,000 Acres mowed

\$8.2 million
Cost of mowing

\$3.2 million
Cost of litter and

88.9% in 2015

The Maintenance Quality Assurance program measures the value of KDOT's maintenance efforts in the categories of travel way, traffic guidance, shoulders, drainage and roadside.

The MQA program involves a physical inspection of randomly selected, tenth-of-a-mile sample segments. Thirty of these samples are analyzed from counties in each KDOT Subarea throughout the state. This translates to more than 3,000 MQA inspections a year.



ROADS & BRIDGES

Smooth roads and well-maintained bridges consistently place the Kansas highway system among the nation's best.

Roads

Pavement conditions on the state highway system have steadily increased since passage of the 1989 Comprehensive Highway Program and two subsequent 10-year funding programs. In the 2016 Reason Foundation roads report, Kansas is tied for first place in both rural interstate pavement condition and rural arterial pavement condition, and third place for urban interstate pavement condition. Current pavement conditions continue to far exceed performance targets.

Percent of pavement in good or very good condition

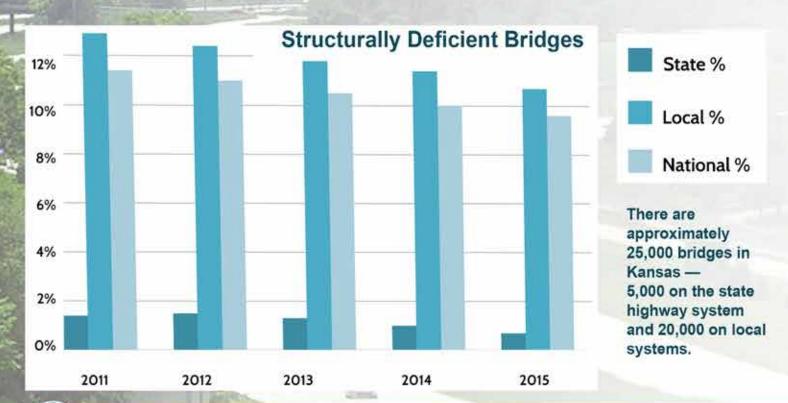
96.7% performance target 85%

91.7% performance target 80%

Based on June 30, 2016, data

Bridges

The percentage of structurally deficient bridges on the state highway system has been steadily declining and is now below 1 percent. A bridge is classified as structurally deficient when it is inadequate to carry today's legal loads.





driving force behind KDOT decisions

In 2016, the number of fatalities on Kansas roads reflected a national increase in traffic deaths.

		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	Kansas fatalities	405	350	384	355	429*
	National Fatalities	33,782	32,893	32,744	35,092	**
	Disabling Injuries	1,596	1,452	1,201	1,180	1,036*

*Unofficial **National fatalities expected to increase 10%

SIGNAGE

1/3
of all fatalities are due
to impaired driving

SAFETY is built into road designs

LIGHTING

GUARD RAILS

Seat belt usage rates continue to improve:

2015 2016

Adults 82% 87%

Children 87% 88%

SHOULDERS

STRIPING

RUMBLE STRIPS

Studies have found that texting while driving creates a crash risk

23 times greater than driving with no distractions.

design of roads to long-range planning to communications efforts. Federal funds provided specifically for education are spent to influence driver behavior. Every year, thousands of Kansans are exposed to safety messages that raise awareness of the damage and injuries caused by impaired driving, distracted driving, failure to buckle up and more. Safety campaigns such as "Click it. Or ticket," "You

Safety is at the core of virtually everything KDOT does, from the

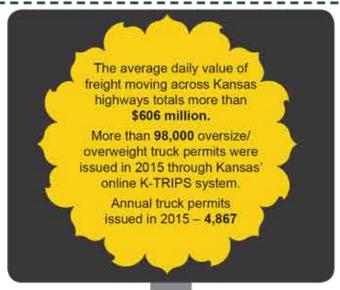
Drink, You Drive, You Lose," "Put the
Brakes on Fatalities Day" and "National
Work Zone Safety Awareness Week"
help raise awareness that changing
driver behavior is the most effective

driver behavior is the most effective way to reduce injuries and fatalities.



KDOT adopted a new logo in 2016 to represent efforts to reduce fatalities and serious injury crashes in Kansas.

KDOT supports KANSAS





At a national crossroads of major east-west, north-south shipping routes, the Kansas transportation network is critical not only to the state economy, but to the economy of the Midwest. Kansas farmers, manufacturers and businesses depend on a robust, multi-modal transportation system to be competitive in domestic and global markets. Kansas' smooth highways, initiatives and investments are designed to make shipping safe and efficient.

Truck parking study

Because truckers are restricted to the number of hours they can drive, they must be able to easily find parking without burning fuel and time looking for a place to safely get off the road. In winter, it's not unusual to see lines of trucks backed up along freeway entrance and exit ramps, sometimes stretching to the actual roadway. With a goal of improving the Kansas freight network, KDOT teamed with the KTA to study related issues and develop solutions.

Four recommendations came from the study:

- Improve parking information and sharing
- Add or improve parking assets
- Explore parking improvement partnerships
- · Examine pro-parking policies for freight trucks

Truck Parking Information and Management System

Kansas is the lead partner in an eight-state initiative that will help implement some recommendations of the 2016 Truck Parking Study. The Truck Parking Information and Management System, or TPIMS, is made possible through a matching \$25 million federal TIGER grant awarded in 2015 to the consortium of Kansas, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio and Wisconsin. Still in the planning stages during 2016, a system of electronic message signs, traveler information websites and smartphone apps is expected to be in service in 2018.

KDOT is updating the statewide freight plan and statewide rail plan. Both will be completed in June/July 2017.





KANSAS RAIL

The Kansas Rail Service Improvement Fund plays an important role in maintaining and expanding a freight rail system that not only moves grain, goods and raw materials, it helps move the entire state economy. In 2016, the fund provided \$4.3 million in loans and grants for rail rehabilitation and capacity improvement. The state money was combined with a \$4.1 million match by railroads.

2016 rail carloads 7,089,291

Number of freight railroads 13

Miles of track operated 4,415

> 1,625 Class 1 miles 2,790

Transload facilities

Two important projects initiated and partially funded by KDOT in 2016 are transload shipping centers at Garden City and Great Bend. The facilities will provide the infrastructure necessary to move goods from one mode of transportation to another, or, in these cases, from truck to rail and rail to truck.

Great Bend transload facility

Sherwood Companies of Oklahoma City, Okla., will operate the Great Bend transload facility, which was expected to be in operation by the second quarter of 2017. KDOT contributed \$3 million to the \$6.8 million project. The group that developed the proposal comprises the city, local chamber of commerce, Kansas and Oklahoma Railroad and Kansas Transload Services.

Garden City transload facility

The \$14 million Garden City transload facility was expected to be in operation by the end of 2016. KDOT contributed a total of \$4.5 million to the project to fund both rail construction and local roadway improvements.







Beachner Grain

A project completed in August 2016 that was funded in part by KDOT made improvements to rail facilities at Independence. The project, which is a public-private partnership of KDOT, SKO Railroad and Beachner Grain, includes expanded capacity, new truck scales, increased truck parking and new grain bins. The facility now has access from both ends of the rail line, rather than just one end.



KDOT CONNECTS WITH KANSAS

TRANSIT

Kansas is a geographically large state with a rural population that is both aging and declining in numbers. And that poses problems for Kansans who want to continue living in their homes and communities but need a way to reach medical and other services that may be miles away. In 2016, KDOT's Office of Public Transportation worked with transit providers across the state in an effort to regionalize operations. Measures such as reorganization of transit districts, creation of new regional routes, purchase of new buses, coordinated dispatch scheduling that utilizes GPS and much more have allowed rural Kansans to use public transportation and maintain their quality of life.

Transit ridership in 2015

URBAN 8.7 Million
RURAL 3 Million
TOTAL 11.7 Million
INCREASE 1 Percent

Transportation Alternatives

KDOT administers the federal Transportation Alternatives Program to provide funding for a variety of projects that enhance mobility throughout Kansas. In 2016, KDOT awarded 25 TA projects – totaling nearly \$13 million – for onand-off-road pedestrian and bicycle facilities, Safe Routes to School, access to public transportation and more. The program helps communities improve and complete their transportation networks by providing infrastructure that supports non-motorized transportation.



Funding for Safe Routes to School pays for improvements such as striping, sidewaks, ADA curb cuts and signage.

Social Media in 2016



65,943 followers 13 accounts KSDOT.org - 2.2 million page views



22,901 followers 10 pages



206 posts 106,609 views

Traveler Info

KANDRIVE.ORG - 850,517 page views



120,609 calls

DYNAMIC MESSAGE SIGNS

105 DMS Boards



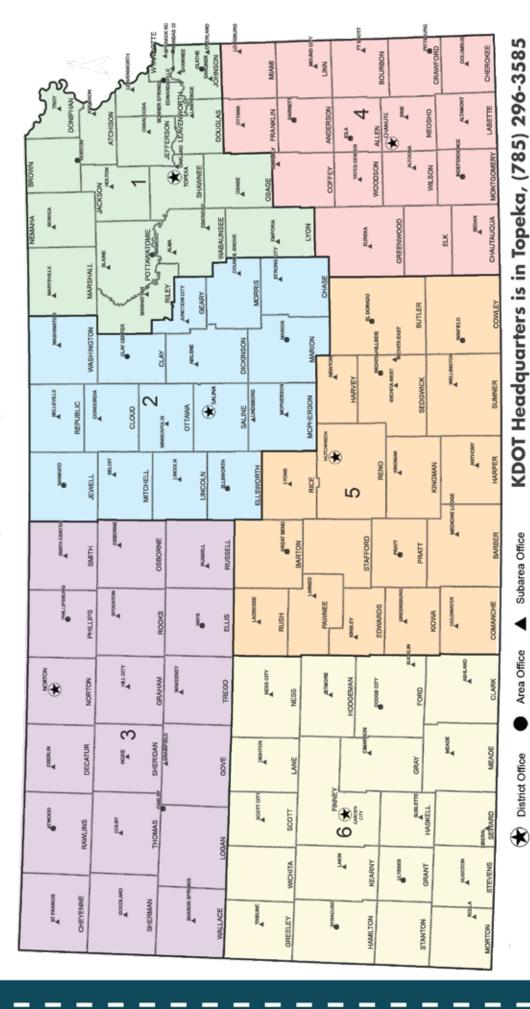
208 Traffic Cams



In the summer of 2016, KDOT implemented a dynamic late merge, also known as a zipper merge, in a Kansas City-area construction zone. Its great success with drivers was attributed to extensive planning, engineering and a creative education effort that included a KDOT-produced video. The video, which features two animated talking traffic cones, has been viewed nearly 180,000 times on YouTube and Facebook and caught the attention of national media including the New York Times, Wired Magazine and CBS This Morning.



MAP OF KDOT DISTRICT, AREA, & SUBAREA OFFICES



District 1

District 1 Office 121 SW 21st Street Topeka, KS 66612 Hugh Bogle

District Engineer (785) 296-3881

(785) 823-3754

District Engineer

Randy West

District 3

District 2

District 2 Office

1006 N. Third

District 3 Office 312 S. Second Norton, KS 67654 Jeff Stewart

Salina, KS 67401

Jerr Srewarr
District Engineer
(785) 877-3315

District 4

District 4 Office 411 W. Fourteenth Chanute, KS 66720 Wayne Gudmonson District Engineer (620) 431-1000

4 District 5

fice District 5 Office senth 500 N. Hendricks 6720 Hutchinson, KS 67501 Donson

District Engineer (620) 663-3361

District 6

District 6 Office 121 N. Campus Dr. Garden City, KS 67846

Ron Hall District Engineer (620) 276-3241

			Percent
Revenues Amounts in Thousands		2016	of Total
Motor Fuel Taxes	S	448,904	29 %
Vehicle Registrations and Permits		214,428	14
Intergovernmental	-	350,731	23
Sales and Use Taxes		519,239	33
Investment Earnings		3,985	9
Other		11,823	1
Transfers from Other State Funds		4,563	0
Total revenues	Ś	1,553,673	100 %
	,	1,555,075	100 %
Expenditures		ALC: NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
Current Operating			
Maintenance	\$	117,789	6 %
Preservation		329,371	17
Modernization		38,145	2
Expansion and enhancement	-	369,812	19
Communications system		4,173	0
Local Support		340,144	17
Rail, Air and Public Transportation		19,809	1
Administration and transportation planning		53,874	3
Debt Service			
Principal		102,670	5
Interest and fees		79,167	4
Transfers to Other State Funds		528,535	26
Total expenditures	\$	1,983,489	100 %
Other sources (uses)			
Revenue Bond Proceeds		590,875	121 %
Premium on Issuance of Debt		122,880	25
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent		(223,778)	(46)
Total other		489,977	100 %
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and			
Other Sources Over Expenditures	\$	60,161	100 %

The 2017 Annual Report Appendix is available at: www.ksdot.org/publications.asp

Back cover photo is of the new Land and Sky Kansas Scenic Byway along the Arikaree Breaks in northwest Kansas. Photo courtesy of The Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism.



